

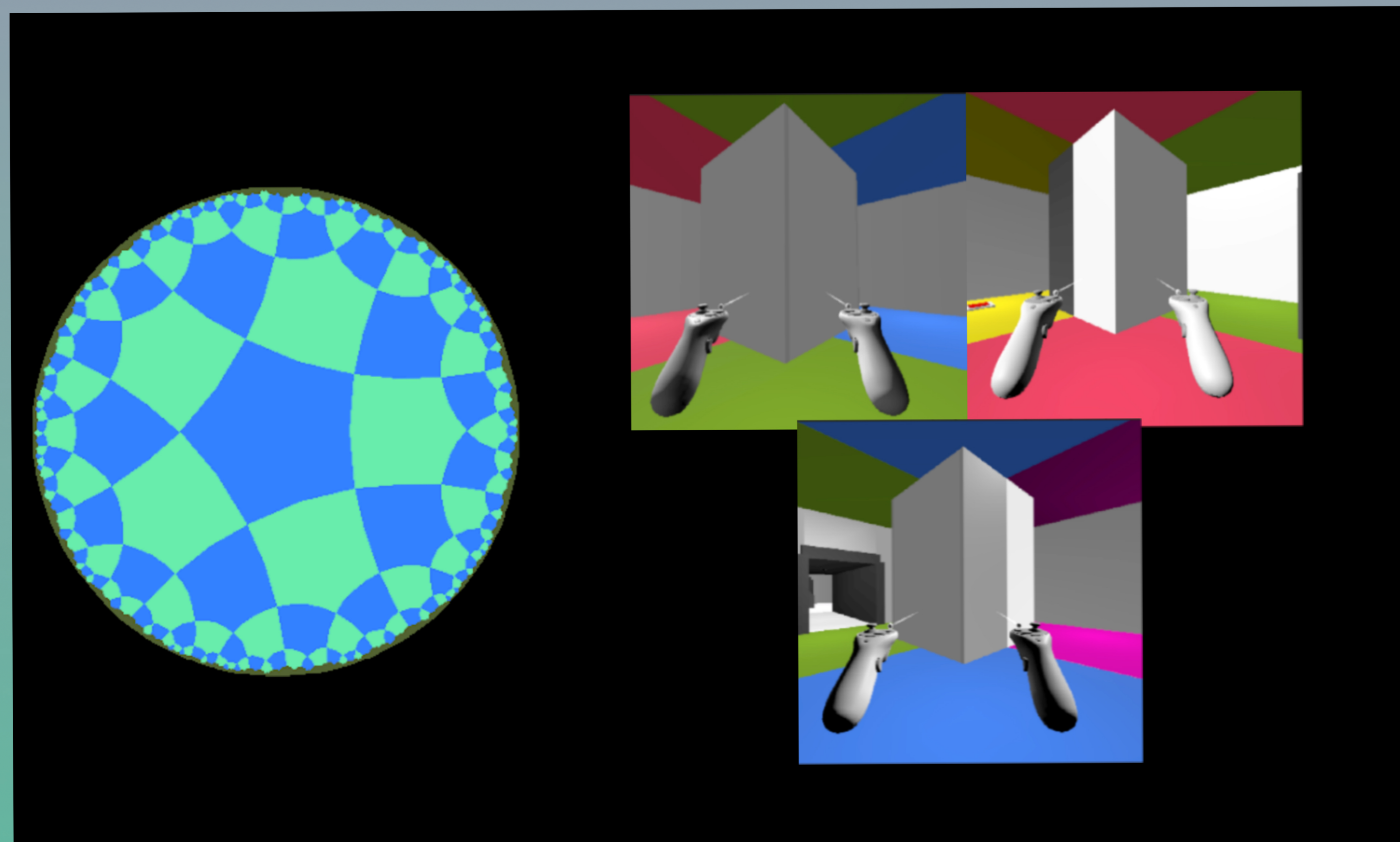
LYRA EDWARDS

BSC (HONS) COMPUTER GAMES PROGRAMMING

CREATING AN ENGAGING VIRTUAL REALITY EXPERIENCE USING NON-EUCLIDEAN GEOMETRY



```
1 public void Render () {
2
3     // Skip rendering the view from this portal if player is not looking at the linked
4     portal
5     if (!CameraUtility.VisibleFromCamera (linkedPortal.screen, playerCam)) {
6         return;
7     }
8
9     CreateViewTexture ();
10
11     var localToWorldMatrix = playerCam.transform.localToWorldMatrix;
12     var renderPositions = new Vector3[recursionLimit];
13     var renderRotations = new Quaternion[recursionLimit];
14
15     int startIndex = 0;
16     portalCam.projectionMatrix = playerCam.projectionMatrix;
17     for (int i = 0; i < recursionLimit; i++) {
18         if (i > 0) {
19             // No need for recursive rendering if linked portal is not visible through
20             this portal
21             if (!CameraUtility.BoundsOverlap (screenMeshFilter,
22             linkedPortal.screenMeshFilter, portalCam)) {
23                 break;
24             }
25             }
26             localToWorldMatrix = transform.localToWorldMatrix *
27             linkedPortal.transform.worldToLocalMatrix * localToWorldMatrix;
28             int renderOrderIndex = recursionLimit - i - 1;
29             renderPositions[renderOrderIndex] = localToWorldMatrix.GetColumn (3);
30             renderRotations[renderOrderIndex] = localToWorldMatrix.rotation;
31
32             portalCam.transform.SetPositionAndRotation (renderPositions[renderOrderIndex],
33             renderRotations[renderOrderIndex]);
34             startIndex = renderOrderIndex;
35         }
36
37         // Hide screen so that camera can see through portal
38         screen.shadowCastingMode = UnityEngine.Rendering.ShadowCastingMode.ShadowsOnly;
39         linkedPortal.screen.material.SetInt ("displayMask", 0);
40
41         for (int i = startIndex; i < recursionLimit; i++) {
42             portalCam.transform.SetPositionAndRotation (renderPositions[i],
43             renderRotations[i]);
44             SetNearClipPlane ();
45             HandleClipping ();
46             //UniversalRenderPipeline.RenderSingleCamera(src, portalCam);
47             portalCam.Render ();
48
49             if (i == startIndex) {
50                 linkedPortal.screen.material.SetInt ("displayMask", 1);
51             }
52         }
53     }
54 }
```



```
1 public static MinMax3D GetScreenRectFromBounds (MeshFilter renderer, Camera mainCamera) {
2
3     MinMax3D minMax = new MinMax3D (float.MaxValue, float.MinValue);
4
5     Vector3[] screenBoundsExtents = new Vector3[8];
6     var localBounds = renderer.sharedMesh.bounds;
7     bool anyPointIsInFrontOfCamera = false;
8
9     for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
10         Vector3 localSpaceCorner = localBounds.center + Vector3.Scale
11         (localBounds.extents, cubeCornerOffsets[i]);
12         Vector3 worldSpaceCorner = renderer.transform.TransformPoint (localSpaceCorner);
13         Vector3 viewportSpaceCorner = mainCamera.WorldToViewportPoint (worldSpaceCorner);
14
15         if (viewportSpaceCorner.z > 0) {
16             anyPointIsInFrontOfCamera = true;
17         } else {
18             // If point is behind camera, it gets flipped to the opposite side
19             // So clamp to opposite edge to correct for this
20             viewportSpaceCorner.x = (viewportSpaceCorner.x <= 0.5f) ? 1 : 0;
21             viewportSpaceCorner.y = (viewportSpaceCorner.y <= 0.5f) ? 1 : 0;
22         }
23
24         // Update bounds with new corner point
25         minMax.AddPoint (viewportSpaceCorner);
26     }
27
28     // All points are behind camera so just return empty bounds
29     if (!anyPointIsInFrontOfCamera) {
30         return new MinMax3D ();
31     }
32
33     return minMax;
34 }
```

